



BSc in Nursing

INTEGRATED TEACHING: GENERAL PATHOLOGY AND PHYSIOPATHOLOGY

NUMBER OF CFU: 6

SSD: MEDS-02/B, MEDS-02/A, MEDS-03/A

RESPONSIBLE PROFESSOR: GABRIELLA D’ORAZI

E-MAIL: gabriella.dorazi@unicamillus.org

Office hours (by appointment) : Monday from 3pm to 4 pm

<https://www.unicamillus.org/personnel/dorazi-gabriella-2/>

MODULE: CLINICAL PATHOLOGY – IMMUNOLOGY, IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

NUMBER OF CFU: 2

SSD: MEDS-02/B

PROFESSOR: SILVIA CONSALVI

e-mail: silvia.consalvi@unicamillus.org

<https://www.unicamillus.org/personnel/consalvi-silvia/>

MODULE: GENERAL PATHOLOGY - PHYSIOPATHOLOGY

NUMBER OF CFU: 3

SSD: MEDS-02/A

PROFESSOR: VALENTINA TRAPANI – GABRIELLA D’ORAZI

e-mail: valentina.trapani@unicamillus.org; gabriella.dorazi@unicamillus.org

<https://www.unicamillus.org/personnel/dorazi-gabriella-2/>

MODULE: MICROBIOLOGY AND CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY

NUMBER OF CFU: 1

SSD: MEDS-03/A

PROFESSOR: YAGAI BOUBA

e-mail: yagai.bouba@unicamillus.org

<https://www.unicamillus.org/personnel/bouba-yagai-2/>

PREREQUISITES

Although there are no preparatory courses, basic knowledge of biology, histology, biochemistry, anatomy, physiology, and immunology is required.

In order to understand the topics covered, students must have attended the courses taught in the first semester.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

Aim of the teaching is to provide students with knowledge on:

- Elucidate the mechanisms and origins of human diseases emphasizing systemic processes based on molecular and cellular pathologic events.
- Assess the physiologic principles which govern the function of the main body systems and the alterations induced by structural and functional abnormalities.
- The mechanisms underlying the immune response
- The methodologies of the main diagnostic tests in clinical practice

which are supportive for nursing.

- knowledge of the structure of different microorganisms, microbial pathogenicity, interactions between micro-organism and host, causes and mechanisms of onset of the main microbial aetiology of diseases.
- knowledge on microbiological diagnostics will be essential for the identification of bacteria, viruses, fungi and protozoa.

These objectives will be achieved through frontal lectures, seminars and interactive teaching activities, designed to facilitate learning and improve the ability to address and solve the main questions of Clinical Microbiology.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Knowledge and Understanding

At the end of the course, the student will have to:

- recognize and autonomously understand the molecular mechanisms of cell damage, cell response (cellular stress, necrosis, apoptosis) and organism response to the damage (inflammation), the molecular basis of neoplastic transformation and the pathogenetic and pathophysiological mechanisms of the most important human diseases.
- evaluate the immune response or the presence of an inflammatory state
- Understand the results of the main tests involved in transfusion medicine.
- interpret the results of laboratory investigations frequently employed in the medical practice.
- The criteria of bacterial and virological classification.
- The architecture of the bacterial, fungal and protozoal cell and the structure of the viral particles.
- The metabolism and bacterial growth: the production of bacterial spores.
- The basics of bacterial and viral genetics: transformation, transduction, bacterial conjugation, viral genetic variability.
- The pathogenic action of bacteria and viruses: transmission routes and stages of the infectious process.
- The process of toxin production and explain the mechanisms of action of exotoxins and endotoxins.
- The basics about innate immunity and cell-mediated immunity.
- The characteristics of immune sera and vaccines.
- The general principles for the diagnosis of diseases caused by pathogenic microorganisms
- The basics of microbiological pharmacology: notes on anti-bacterial and antiviral drugs and resistance mechanisms

Applying knowledge and understanding

At the end of the course, the student will be able to use the acquired knowledge for:

- an in-depth study of aspects relating to the specific field in which the student will devote himself to his professional activity. The student must be able to apply his/her knowledge to analyze and understand the alterations of the cellular, immunological, and genetic mechanisms underlying the human pathologies and about medical (basic) laboratory diagnostics. As a consequence, students will acquire useful skills to demonstrate a professional approach to the work, and to collaborate with the medical team on the resolution of therapeutic problems.
- To use the acquired knowledge for the autonomous deepening of aspects related to the specific field to which the student will devote himself within the professional activity.

Communication skills

At the end of the course, the student must be able to use specific scientific terminology appropriately. The student must be able to communicate information, ideas, problems, and solutions to expert and other interlocutors, in relation to the molecular mechanisms of cellular damage, of neoplastic transformation and to the pathophysiological mechanisms of diseases.

Making judgements

At the end of the course the student must be able to:

- make general assessments related to the topics covered.
- identify and explain the molecular, immunological, and pathophysiological mechanisms that lead to a disease.
- autonomy of judgment will be acquired through the analysis of examples of damage and human diseases.
- collect and interpret the results of the laboratory exams which are most frequently prescribed and executed in the clinical practice, judging with sufficient autonomy the data that will be presented to them.
- carry out general assessments of the topics covered.

Learning skills

The student will have acquired skills and methods of learning suitable for deepening and improving their competencies in the field of general pathology and physiopathology, also through consulting scientific literature.

COURSE SYLLABUS

Syllabus CLINICAL PATHOLOGY – IMMUNOLOGY, IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

- Clinical value of the laboratory tests
- Blood collection, fractionation, and storage
- Complete blood count (CBC)
- The immune response: characteristics and cellular or molecular effectors

- Immunopathologies and their diagnosis
- Immunoematology and transfusion medicine
- Inflammation biomarkers
- Evaluation of haemostatic capabilities
- Diagnostics of anemias
- Liver function tests and jaundice
- Glycemia
- Lipemia
- Renal function tests and urinalysis
- Tumour markers.

Syllabus GENERAL PATHOLOGY - PHYSIOPATHOLOGY

- Aetiology and cellular pathology: health and disease concepts, aetiology and pathogenesis. Diseases caused by chemical, physical or biological agents.
- Cellular adaptations of growth and differentiation: hyperplasia, hypertrophy, atrophy, metaplasia. Cellular damage: reversible and irreversible. Cell death: necrosis, apoptosis.
- Inflammation: Definition of inflammation. Acute inflammation. Chemical mediators of inflammation. Cells involved in inflammation. Chemotaxis and phagocytosis. Exudation: different types of exudates. Distinctive features between acute and chronic inflammation. Chronic inflammation. Granulomas. Distinctive features between acute and chronic inflammation. End of inflammation. Course and types of fever.
- Tissue renewal and repair. Regeneration, healing, and fibrosis.
- Oncology: Nomenclature of tumors. Biology of tumor growth: benign and malignant neoplasms. Molecular basis of cancer. Metastasis.
- Concept of Hemostasis disorders. Hemodynamic disorders. Thrombosis, embolism. Infarction. Shock. Hypertension, atherosclerosis. Red blood cells disorders.
- Concept of physiopathology of the liver: causes of acute and chronic inflammations; hepatitis; cirrhosis and ascites formation; liver failure.
- Concept of kidney physiopathology: causes of acute and chronic inflammations; glomerulonephritis and kidney failure.
- Concept of lung physiopathology: causes of acute and chronic inflammations; bronchitis, pneumonia, tuberculosis.

Syllabus MICROBIOLOGY AND CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY

- Characteristics of the main infection agents. Vital associations: commensalism, mutualism, parasitism. Associated microbial flora. Generalities on infectious diseases: infectious ratio, infection and disease, endogenous infection, exogenous infections, opportunistic infections.
- The bacterial cell: structure and essential functions. Gram negative and Gram positive. The bacterial spore. Cultivation of bacteria: growth and development of bacterial populations. Elements of bacterial genetics: mutations and mechanisms of genetic recombination. Principles of pathogenicity and virulence. Bacterial toxins: exotoxins and endotoxins. Mode of action of the main antibacterial drugs. Resistance to chemotherapy and antibiotics. Examples of bacteria of medical interest and associated diseases.

- Nature, methods of study and classification of viruses. Composition and architecture of the viral particle. Cultivation of viruses. Virus-cell relationship: productive infection, transforming infection. Virus-to-host relationships: acute, persistent, latent, slow infections. Pathogenic mechanisms in viral infections. Vaccines and basis of antiviral chemotherapy. Examples of viruses of medical interest and associated diseases.
- Habitat and morphology of fungi (yeasts, mycelial fungi). Fungal cell structure. Examples of fungi of medical interest and associated diseases.
- The protozoa cell: morphology and structure. Main characteristics of Helminths and Arthropods. Examples of parasites of medical interest and associated pathologies.

COURSE STRUCTURE

The module of General pathology and Physiopathology is structured in 42 hours of frontal teaching,

The module of Clinical Pathology, Immunology and Immunoematology is structured in 28 hours of frontal teaching.

The module of Microbiology and Clinical Microbiology is structured in 14 hours of frontal teaching.

The teaching will include slides during the lessons containing topics of the program, description of diagnostic instruments and techniques and discussion and interpretation of data related to specific clinical cases that will allow students to achieve the educational objectives.

COURSE GRADE DETERMINATION

The type of exam will be explained during the lessons. The exam is a written test per each module of GENERAL PATHOLOGY-PHYSIOPATHOLOGY, CLINICAL PATHOLOGY, MICROBIOLOGY AND CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY, whose mark is an integral part of the Teaching. In particular, the written tests will consist of about 20-30 questions per teaching with multiple choice answers. For each correct answer 1 point will be counted. Students who answer correctly to at least 18 questions out of 30 per module will pass the exam. The final mark will correspond to the mean of the marks of each module weighted according to the CFU provided for each module. The final mark of written test can be improved by an oral exam, according to the students' request.

Through the above-described tests, the Examining Board will evaluate the Student's ability to apply the knowledge and will ensure that the skills are adequate to support and manage pathological and / or microbiological problems in the nursing field. The following items will also be evaluated: making judgements, communication skills and learning skills as indicated in the Dublin descriptors.

The knowledge and ability to understand, the ability to apply knowledge and understanding, the autonomy of judgment and the communication skills of the student will weigh in the final score as follows 30%, 30%, 30% and 10%, respectively.

The evaluation criteria considered will be: acquired knowledge, independent judgment, communication skills and learning skills. The exams will be assessed according to the following criteria:

< 18 insufficient	The candidate possesses an inadequate knowledge of the topic, makes significant errors in applying theoretical concepts, and shows weak presentation skills.
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- 18 - 20** The candidate possesses a barely adequate and only superficial knowledge of topic, limited presentation skills, and only an inconsistent ability to apply theoretical concepts.
- 21 – 23** The candidate possesses an adequate, but not in-depth, knowledge of the topic, a partial ability to apply theoretical concepts, and acceptable presentation skills.
- 24 – 26** The candidate possesses a fair knowledge of the topic, a reasonable ability to apply theoretical concepts correctly and present ideas clearly.
- 27 - 29** The candidate possesses an in-depth knowledge of the topic, a sound ability to apply theoretical concepts, good analytical skills, clear argumentative clarity and an ability to synthesize
- 30 - 30L** The candidate possesses an in-depth knowledge of the topic, an outstanding ability to apply theoretical concepts, a high level of argumentative clarity, as well as excellent analytical skills, and a well-developed ability to synthesize and establish interdisciplinary connections.

OPTIONAL ACTIVITIES

Students will be received at the end of the lessons. Outside the lesson period, students will be received by appointment to be agreed by e-mail.

In addition to teaching activities, students will be given the opportunity to participate in Seminars, Research Internships, Department Internships and Monographic Courses. The subjects of the activities are not exam subjects.

READING MATERIALS

Reading materials for CLINICAL PATHOLOGY – IMMUNOLOGY, IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

- Damjanov, I., Perry, A. M., & Perry, K. (2021). Pathology for the Health Professions-E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences
- Laposata's Laboratory Medicine Diagnosis of Disease in Clinical Laboratory 3rd Edition – LANGEC – Mc Graw Hill 2018
- Slides and materials delivered by the teacher.

Reading materials for GENERAL PATHOLOGY - PHYSIOPATHOLOGY

- Damjanov, I., Perry, A. M., & Perry, K. (2021). Pathology for the Health Professions-E-Book. Elsevier Health Sciences
- Slides and materials delivered by the teacher.

Reading materials for MICROBIOLOGY AND CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY

- Richard A. Harvey, Pamela C. Champe, Bruce D. Fisher. Microbiology (fourth edition). Publisher: Wolters Kluwer Health. Le basi della microbiologia. Zanichelli.
- Slides and materials delivered by the teacher.